Waterford Historic Village

4490 Hatchery Road
Waterford, Michigan
in Fish Hatchery Park

Waterford Historical Society
www.waterfordhistoricalsociety.org

Open Wednesdays
May-September
10:30 a.m.–2:00 p.m.

Mission Statement
Collecting, protecting and preserving the history of Waterford Township for the interest and education of present and future generations.

Village Represents Progress and Prosperity
Welcome to the museums of the Waterford Historical Society. We hope you enjoy a trip back in time to the turn of the 20th century.

Waterford Historic Village is our interpretation of Waterford’s place in history. Some of our buildings are original, some are exact replicas and some are representations of what the buildings would have looked like in the early 1900’s as progress and prosperity brought Waterford successfully into the next century.

Set in the lovely Fish Hatchery Park along the Clinton River, our site welcomes all to sit a spell and contemplate a life far removed from the hectic pace and digital world of today.

Please stop by on a Wednesday for a tour or a cup of coffee. We are always looking for volunteers and would love to have you get involved in some way as we continue to build Waterford Historic Village and bring Waterford’s past into the future.

Buildings on Site
1919 Hatchery House
Log Cabin
Blain Playhouse
Carriage House
Outhouse
Jacober’s General Store
Nelson’s Filling Station
Cobbler & Shoemaker
Lohff Print Shop
Webber & Crigger Hardware
Drayton Plains Depot
1957 Grand Trunk Caboose
Schoolhouse

Annual Events
Fashion Show & Luncheon: Join us for a lunch and an elegant fashion show on the last Saturday in March.

Annual Meeting & Election: Last Wednesday we are open in December.

Summer Sundays in the Village: No hoopla, just history. Village buildings open one Sunday a month from 1-4 starting in June. Please check website for current dates.

Christmas in October: Shop early for Christmas without the crowd and hassle. The Log Cabin and Jacober’s General Store are decorated and filled with one of a kind crafts and gifts for all ages. Third Friday & Saturday in October 10:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m.

Christmas Sale: Last minute shopping on the first Saturday in December 10 a.m.–4:00 p.m.

Membership
We welcome you to become a member of our active group.
$15.00 Individual
$25.00 Family
$50.00 Organizations/Businesses
$100.00 Lifetime Individual
$125.00 Lifetime Couple
$150.00 Lifetime Family

Annual memberships are due on December 15th of each year.

We are a non-profit 501(c)3 organization that gets no funding from local, state, or federal levels. We rely on Waterford community members and businesses for funding.

If you would like to become a member or make a donation please send it to:
Waterford Historical Society
P.O. Box 300491
Waterford, MI 48330-0491
Contact: 248-683-2697
sstrait649@comcast.net

Additional Interest
Research Library—housed on the second floor of the Hatchery House.

Log Cabin Store—Waterford gift items and resources such as maps and calendars for sale.

Visitor Information
The Hatchery House, research library, offices and our Log Cabin store are open April through mid December on Wednesdays from 10:30 a.m.– 2:00 p.m.

The Village is open from May through September each year.

Group tours by appointment, please call 248-683-2697.

We are located on the Clinton River in Fish Hatchery Park at 4490 Hatchery Road in Waterford between Dixie and Frembes.
To understand the history of Waterford, we must go back to when land was being sold to settlers. Michigan was part of the Northwest Territory owned by the British. By the treaty of peace in 1783 between the United States and Great Britain, this area became a part of the United States, but British Troops were not actually evacuated until July 12, 1796. When they left, Captain Moses Porter took possession of Fort Detroit. General Arthur St. Clair was appointed the first governor.

In January 1805, Congress passed an act for the organization of the Territory of Michigan. In 1813, Colonel Lewis Cass was appointed third governor and he formed the boundaries of Oakland County in 1819. Waterford became a township in 1834 and in 1837 Michigan became a state.

After the war of 1812, veterans were being given parcels of land to settle. In 1815, Surveyor-General Edward Tiffin had the area of Michigan outside Detroit surveyed for granting land to the veterans. The report was so discouraging as to the condition of the land and the surrounding area, the veterans were given land in Illinois and Ohio instead. This report was one of the main reasons for the delay in settlement of Michigan.

During the time Michigan was part of the Northwest Territory, there were two main Indian Nations: the Algonquin (who were tribes of the Huron, Ottawa, Ojibwas, Pottawatomie, Miami, Sauk, Sashabaw and others), and the Iroquois. The Algonquin, farmers and trappers, helped the new settlers as they moved westward. The Iroquois were warlike and were finally defeated to just a few by the Algonquin’s who had the help of the soldiers. By the time the settlers ventured into Waterford Village, there were few Indians living in the area.

By the end of 1818, a land office was set up in Detroit and parcels of land were sold.

In the later part of 1818 Major and Mrs. Oliver Williams, Mr. And Mrs. Alpheus Williams, both formerly of Massachusetts; Calvin Baker, Jacob Eillett and Colonel Beaufait made a journey to Oakland County on horseback.

The party returned after three or four days with specimens of flowers, trees, and shrubs. Oliver Williams and Alpheus Williams, his brother-in-law, entered the first land purchase for $2.00 an acre. Archibald Phillips and Alpheus Williams purchased 161.40 acres in what became the Village of Waterford.

In 1819, Mr. And Mrs. Alpheus Williams, their four daughters and two sons, Captain Archibald Phillips and Major and Mrs. Oliver Williams with their eight children set out to settle Oakland County. The Oliver Williams family established the first farm settlement in the county on the banks of Silver Lake. Archibald Phillips and Alpheus Williams continued on to where the Clinton River crossed the Saginaw Trail (Dixie Highway). This would become the Village of Waterford. Here the first house of the Village was built by Alpheus Williams on the north bank of the river. Archibald Phillips built his home where Andersonville Road meets Dixie Highway. Williams and Phillips also built the first dam where the Clinton River crossed over the Saginaw Trail and erected the first saw mill.

In 1831, Alexis de Tocqueville from France made a trip into the interior of the Territory and came back with a description of beautiful land, abundant game, excellent fishing, pristine lakes and virgin forests.

Dr. George Williams (no relation to the Williams) was the first physician in the Village of Waterford though he traveled throughout the area. The first resident physician was Dr. Charles Robertson.

The first school classes held in Oakland County were in Oliver Williams' sheep barn in 1821 where seven students attended class. A schoolhouse was later built in 1822. The first school was established in the Village in 1848, on Andersonville Road across from Steffen Street (now a driveway). It was also used by the Methodist for church services. In 1871-72 a two story brick building was built where the present school of Waterford Village is now located. It burned and was rebuilt in 1901.

The first cemetery was deeded by Archibald Phillips to Governor Cass for burial purposes in 1826. The first burial was Olivere Williams (son of Alpheus Williams) who died at the age of 17 in 1820. Olivere’s sister was the second in 1826. Alpheus Williams died July 9, 1828 at age 62 and his wife, Abigail, died September 5, 1826 at age 58. Both Alpheus and Abigail are buried there. That cemetery is still in existence at the end of Clipper Court. Archibald Phillips died in December 1847. We do not know where he is buried.

The first post office in Waterford Township was established in 1834-35 on the north shore of Elizabeth Lake. The first Village post office was established in 1865 when John Owen ran the General Store (later to become Jacober’s Store).

The first store in the Village was the home of Alpheus Williams where he kept of few shelves of staples. After his death, the land exchanged hands many times. In 1837-38, Merrick and Bruce purchased it and built the first established store next to the original home of Alpheus Williams.

In 1854, Horace Huntoon and John Griffen built a store on the Southwest corner of Andersonville Road and Dixie Highway. We know it as Jacober’s Store. In 1927 Henry Ford purchased the store from August Jacober for $700. The store was set up and currently stands in Greenfield Village.

The church building, erected in 1869, is still standing at 5860 Andersonville Road near Dixie Highway. It was renovated in 1976 and is owned by Waterford Township.

The historic district of Waterford Township includes Dixie Highway, a block north and south of Andersonville Road, then Andersonville Road between Dixie Highway and Airport Road, south on Airport road to the RR tracks. The homes and businesses of the area were researched in 1976 by the early Waterford Historical Society. In 1977 the Waterford Historic District was placed on the National Register of Historic Places.

Walking tour books of this district are available at our Log Cabin Store.